U.S. DISTRICT COURT SAVANNAH DIV.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA SAVANNAH DIVISION

Ħ 2:	0
ŀ	1 2:

CIEDK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)	SO. DIST. OF GA.
v.)	CASE NO. CR408-224
HAROLD SHAWN WILLIAMS,)	
Defendant.)	
Derendant.)	

ORDER

Before the Court is Defendant Harold Shawn Williams Motion for Clarification of the Court's Judgment Executed on February 2, 2010. (Doc. 79.) In the motion, Defendant seeks credit toward his federal sentence for the time he spent in state custody from January 2, 2008 to February 1, 2010. (Id. ¶ 2.) Defendant's request is based on the Court's recommendation to the Bureau of Prisons ("BOP") that Defendant be given credit for the time he spent in custody prior to being sentenced in federal court. (Id.)

In some cases, a defendant may receive credit for time spent in custody prior to the imposition of a federal sentence. However, 18 U.S.C. § 3585(b) prohibits a defendant from receiving credit against his federal sentence for time spent in custody where that time was also credited against another

sentence. In this case, the time Defendant spent in custody was credited against a sentence imposed by the Chatham County Superior Court based on the revocation of Defendant's state parole. Therefore, crediting Defendant with the time he spent in custody, which was already credited against his state sentence, would run contrary to the express statutory language of § 3585(b). For these reasons, Defendant's motion must be DENIED.

SO ORDERED this 3^{-2} day of August 2018.

VILLIAM T. MOORE, OR.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA

[&]quot;A defendant shall be given credit toward the service of a term of imprisonment for any time he has spent in official detention prior to the date the sentence commences . . . that has not been credited against another sentence"." 18 U.S.C. § 3585(b) (emphasis added).

Moreover, this Court is unable to order the BOP to award Defendant the credit he seeks. The BOP, not this Court, ultimately determines whether a defendant should receive credit. See United States v. Wilson, 503 U.S. 329, 331-34 (1992) (holding that BOP determines credit issues, not district courts); United States v. Pineyro, 112 F.3d 43, 45 (2d Cir. 1997) (recognizing federal courts lack authority under § 3585 to order BOP to award credit).